UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

In re:	
Exigent Landscaping, LLC,	Case No. 23-46912-TJT Chapter 7
Debtor.	Hon. Thomas J. Tucker
/	

NOTICE OF SUBPOENA

Please take notice, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45, that Chapter 7 Trustee Mark H. Shapiro intends to serve a Subpoena, in the form attached, on Maxx Cargo, LLC on April 25, 2024, or as soon thereafter as service may be effectuated.

Steinberg Shapiro & Clark

/s/ Mark H. Shapiro (P43134) Attorney for Trustee 25925 Telegraph Rd., Suite 203 Southfield, MI 48033 (248) 352-4700 shapiro@steinbergshapiro.com

Date: April 25, 2024

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN

In re:			
Exig	ent Landscaping, LLC	Case No. 23-46912-TJ	TT
		Chapter 7	
	7 .1.	Hon. Thomas J. Tucke	er
	Debtor.		
	SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A		
TO:		`	,
	Maxx Cargo, LLC	Maxx Cargo, LLC	
F377 -	NOV. A DE COMMANDED	1 1	
	Production: YOU ARE COMMANDED to	1	•
mate	ments, electronically stored information, o	r objects, and to permit inspection, c	opying, testing, or sampling of the
marc			
All sa	ales documentation, including but not limi	ted to titles, bills of sale and receipts	related to 2022 South Georgia
_	o SG8524TA3 Enclosed Trailer 26' VIN #		outh Georgia Cargo SG8524TA3
Enclo	osed Trailer 26' VIN #54AGVC24T0M52	074.	
PLACE			DATE AND TIME
Stein	berg Shapiro & Clark, 25925 Telegraph R	d., Suite 203, Southfield, MI 48033	May 10, 2024
	. AD . WOW ADD COLOR		
	spection of Premises: YOU ARE COMM		
	erty possessed or controlled by you at the text, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sa		
шърс	ot, measure, survey, photograph, test, or so	imple the property of any designated	object of operation on it.
PLACE			DATE AND TIME
	The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ	y D 45 made applicable in bankrupt	ay aggs by Ead P. Dankr. D. 0016
are at	trached – Rule $45(c)$, relating to the place of		•
	subpoena; and Rule $45(e)$, relating to the place of subpoena; and Rule $45(e)$ and $45(g)$, relating		
	equences of not doing so.	ig to your dury to respend to this suc	k o o o mara arro k o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o
ISSUING	G OFFICER SIGNATURE AND TITLE		DATE
ISSLIING	G OFFICER NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER		
	t H. Shapiro (P43134), Attorney for Chapt	er 7 Trustee Mark H. Shapiro	
	5 Telegraph Rd Suite 203 Southfield M		

Notice to the person who issues or request this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of this subpoena must be served on each party before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

	PROOF OF SERVICE
DATE	PLACE A) 1505 E. Word Street
	A) 1505 E. Ward Street
ERVED	Douglas, GA 31533
	(A) 3431 US-441
	Douglas, GA 31535
	(B) Ernest M. Hassan, Esq.
	Attorney for Debtor
	Stevenson & Bullock, P.L.C.
	26100 American Drive, Suite 500
	Southfield, MI 48034-6184
ERVED ON (PRINT NAME)	MANNER OF SERVICE
(A) Maxx Cargo, LLC	First Class Mail
(B) Ernest Hassan	
ERVED BY (PRINT NAME)	TITLE
lene A. Harmon	Legal Assistant
	DECLARATION OF SERVER
I declare under penalty of perjury u contained in the Proof of Service is	under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing information true and correct.
Executed on:	
DATE	SIGNATURE OF SERVER
	25925 Telegraph Rd., Suite 203
	Southfield, MI 48033

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45(c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13) (made applicable in bankruptcy cases by Rule 9016, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure)

(c) Place of compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles or where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party of a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.
- (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:
- (A) production of documents, or electronically stored information, or things at a place within 100 miles or where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises, at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
- (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.
- (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.
- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
 - (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the
- geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
 - (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential
- research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.

- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.
- (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.
- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (g) Contempt. The court for the district where compliance is required and also, after a motion is transferred, the issued court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.